

Vapor Modification Method for Wood Product Preservation (#8391)

Atomic layer deposition technique to manage moisture content, mold growth, and thermal conductivity

Georgia Tech researchers have developed a vapor-phase processing method that makes wood products water repellent, fungal resistant, and more thermally insulating. The method involves using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique to apply a thin coating of metal oxide throughout the entire cellular structure of the wood.

The method is an alternative to conventional pressure treatment processes, which involve placing lumber inside a pressurized, watertight tank and forcing chemical preservatives into the wood to protect against rot and mold. The Georgia Tech method uses a single-cycle ALD process to ensure deep penetration of the coating within the wood product. The result is wood that sheds water from its surface and resists absorbing water even when submerged. Because the process requires a single exposure to precursors, it is potentially scalable for commodity product manufacturing.

Benefits/Advantages

- **Water repellent:** Manages moisture content by facilitating deep penetration and coating of metal oxide throughout the wood structure
- **Fungal resistant:** Withstands mold growth in humid and moist environments
- **Thermally insulating:** Reduces thermal bridging in wood studs used in building materials
- **Environmentally friendly:** Reduces use of toxic chemicals typical of pressure treatment processes

Potential Commercial Applications

- Construction industry

Background/Context for This Invention

ALD is a vapor-phase technique used to deposit thin films onto a substrate. Frequently used in manufacturing microelectronics for computers and cell phones, ALD is being explored for new applications in commodity products such as wood. Like pressure treatments, the Georgia Tech-developed process is performed in an airtight chamber. However, in this case, the chamber is at low rather than high pressures to help the gas molecules permeate the entire wood structure.

Dr. Mark Losego

Assistant Professor - Georgia Tech School of Materials Science and Engineering

Shawn Alan Gregory

Undergraduate Research Assistant - Georgia Tech School of Materials Science and Engineering

Dr. Shannon Yee

Assistant Professor – Georgia Tech School of Mechanical Engineering

More Information

U.S. Application Filed - [62/978,866](#)

Publications

[*Single-Cycle Atomic Layer Deposition on Bulk Wood Lumber for Managing Moisture Content, Mold Growth, and Thermal Conductivity*](#), Langmuir, February 13, 2020

[*New Process for Preserving Lumber Could Offer Advantages Over Pressure Treating*](#), February 14, 2020

[*Lumber preserving process could offer advantages over pressure treating*](#), Video, February 14, 2020

For more information about this technology, please visit:

<https://licensing.research.gatech.edu/technology/vapor-modification-method-wood-product-preservation>

Images:

The automated sequential delivery of multiple fluids. A varying number of delay gates imprinted in the branches are shown in the figure.

COVID-19 and flu saliva test on paper: (A) The automatic sequential delivery of multiple reagents required for virus test; (B) Water pouring into the device triggers the virus assay, allowing the presence of SARS-CoV-2 and influenza A & B viruses to be visually identified by the color changes in the corresponding detection spot

